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Joni Mitchell (left) projected an image of strength and daring at her Lenox, Mass., concert; she sang the pointed lyrics of "Shadows and Light" with The Persuasions (right)

## In Concert, Joni Mitchell Integrates Rock With Jazz

## By CARLO WOLFF

Special to the free Press She launched her triumphant show with her signature tune. "Big Yellow Taxi," performed 10 num-bers spanning all her styles, and ended with her anthem for the '60s, "Woodstrek". Woodstock.

She left a satiated audience projecting and sharing a sense of community all too rare in rock con-

certs. She is Joni Mitchell, leading a She is Joni Mitchell, leading a band that's a veritable roster of the best contemporary jazz musicians. She's coming Off a controversial album that pays homage to the great jazz bassist Charles Mingus, and daring in her performance that's not daring in her performance that's not easy to associate with her recorded work.

work She and her cohorts — Pat Metheny, guitar, a familiar face in the Burlington area; Jaco Pastorius, bass: Lyle Mays, keyboards; Michael Brecker, saxophone, and Don Alias, percussion — played for nearly two hours this week at Tanglewood in Lenox, Mass. It was beautiful.

Tanglewood nours inis veek at Tanglewood in Lenox, Mass. It was beautiful. It's natural to expect sensitivity and sophistication from Mitchell, the mature Canadian who's trav-ersed her country fields of 10 years ago ("Clouds," "Blue") to talk the jazz alleys of race (all her albums since "The Hissing of Summer Lawns," 1957). What was not ex-pected was how much of a rock 'n' noller Mitchell is, and how well she's managed to integrate jazz and rock, at least live. "Big Yellow Taxi" was bright-missitent rock; "This Train," an older tune about a fading lover, was bittersweet, her dominant attitude; "In France They Kiss on Main

"In France They Kiss on Main Street" made Europe feel at home in America

In the classical sense, her voice is in the classical sense, her voice is lezzo-soprano; but her control is roome by her freedom, her need express herself through that ce, swooping, crooning, shout-. Her enthusiasm was con-

with a band such as the one guitar with a band sucn as the one she's assembled. The show was or ganic. Sure, Metheny, Pastorius, all of them took solos, and Pastorius, despite his undeniable virtuosity and way with a riff, might have been a little long. Still, as one soloed, the others would drop back, then come sorther in clusters, and finally as a

together in clusters, and finally as a full band to back Mitchell's vocals.

full band to back Mitchell's vocals. They all PLAYED together. "Dreamland," from Mitchell's least successful album "Don Juan's Reck-less Daughter," was a flatout rhythmic delight, with Pastorius and Mays playing mean cowbell and block. Even Mingus' "Goodbye Porkpie Hat," with Mitchell's lyrics diviting bathots turned out moving

and smoky, true to the musical line. Metheny may have been the most memorable soloist, though Pastorius, playing his guitar horizontally, then jumping on it, was the high dramatic point. Metheny fpun cathedrals. Possessed of fingers made for the guitar, the slim musican single-

Possessed of fingers made for the guitar, the slim musician single-noted his way around the instru-ment, creating harmonic masses that incorporated and transcended melody, forsaking logic for the sake of feeling. He plays guitar in a unique way: His sound is more like a synthesizer than anything else, and it's luminous.

and it's luminous. As if her reading of "Amelia" As if her reading of flight) and

"Furry Sings the Blues" (homage to singer Furry Lewis, precursor of her Mingus tribute) weren't enough, she sang "Shadows And Light" with The Persuasions, a group of five blacks who sing a cappella — incredibly. "Shadows and Light" approached the feeling of Gregorian chart, with its excitatic musical emnathy. its ecstatic musical empathy. Mitchell's conducting/choreo-graphy, Mays' organ, and its pointed synthesizing lyrics about good and

It was over then, or at least it seemed to be. But the 12,000-plus people under the tent and on the lawn that balmy night clapped.

So she came backed and sang Frankie Lymon's "Why Do Fools Fall in Love?" with The Persuasions and full band, and it rocked and rhythmed and wasn't at all blue. The crowd was in ecstasy.

Not enough. So Mitchell came out for the capper, a solo version of "Woodstock" that gave the lie to all those articles we've recently seen "commemorating" that event.

It gave the lie to the con because, 10 years after, Mitchell reminded us that indeed, "We are stardust/ We are golden." She cer-

## On Record, She Pays Tribute to Charles Mingus By CARLO WOLFF

Special to the Free Pers Joni Mitchell, "Mingus" (Asylum). This album is an act of love compromised by misperception and sublimation. And al-though it has some beautiful moments, iron-ically most of the credit must an it Miner ast go to Ming

though it has some beauting ically most of the credit mu not Mitcheil. Charles Mingus, one of the innovative jazz basists and perhaps the greatest big band jazz leader since Duke Ell-ington, died Jan. 5, at age 55, in Mexico. He died of amvotronie Lateral 56, in Mexico. He died of amy otropic lateral scierosis, and during the last 18 months of his life was in severe pain, find-ing it difficult to talk, let alone play bass. Mitchell somehow MINCUS got in touch with him, aiming to collaborate with him on her first album since 1977: "Don Juan's Reckless Daughter," a flawed, self-ndulgent, utimately boring double album

indulgent, ultimately boring double album that was both a musical and racial experi went it was the first time Mitchell conscious-ly went blackface. "Mingus" contains six long tunes, four with music by Mingus himself, the other two

solely by Mitchell. The rest of the album consists of "raps," snatches of tape-recorded conversation from parties Mingus attended, where he vamped on his life and image, saying he'd outlive the Duke, or that he was to the heave he was blessed by God.

where he vamped on his life and image, saying he'd outlive the Duke, or that he was born lucky because he was blessed by God. The ablum's theme is Mingus, the big black boogie man whose life was tortured by he shadow of the Duke, by illness, what he conceived of as sin and salvation, and his own protean creativity. For fine examples of Min-gus' talent in voicing, melody and pulse, try "Nostalgia In Times Square" (Columbia), a double-ablum collection of his big-band pieces circa 1960, or the comprehensive Passions OI A Man' (Atlancic), which covers big bands and workshops from "Pithecan-thropus Erectus" (1956), featuring fiery altoist Jackie McLean, to his final version of "Goodbye Pork Pie Hat," his tribute to Lester Young (1977). Mitchell's "Mingus" is riddled by self-doubt masquerading as homage. Mitchell's paintings adorning the elaborate, ribute-paint of sing adorning the elaborate. Tubute-paint of sing adorne the new music.

paintings adorning the elaborate. (Thute-paying cover are better than her own music. Granted, she's singing freer than ever, and this tribute to a man she obviously misses and reveres has brought her in contact with her own wellsprings: a pure, eclectic soprano, a spacious sense of time and an acute, often precious sensitivity, often mawkishly under-



lined by Wayne Shorter and Herbie Hancock,

lined by Wayne Shorter and Herbie Hancock, whose instrumental virtuosity on soprano sax and piano (respectively) is wasted here. Jaco Pasitorius' resonant arco bass is all over the abum. It's overdone, and the novel-ty of his tone that stunned on Mitchell's "Hejira" is becoming a cliche, inimitable as it is. Mitchell herself is delving into scat-sing-ing, with some success (the nearly-successful "A Chair In The Sky," one of the few lyrics characterized by precision, but she only really gets going on "Sweet Sucker Dance," a languid recognition of and regret over an interracial rounance, and the single great tune here, "The Dry Cleaner From Des Moines," featuring fun, sharp lyrics and a fantastic arrangement with ecstatic horns and laser

Her lyrics to "Pork Pie Hat," marvelously

presented in earlier incarnations by Mingus himself (several times) and Jeff Beck on Blow By Blow," perhaps the definitive fusion album, are embarrassing. She attempts to trace the history of raciom in America visa-vis the jazz musician, sympathizing with the difficulties of Lester Young and his white wife. Finally she says, embracing but not incorporating the non-verbal message Min-gins delivered for over 30 years, that as long as "black habies dance" on the sidewalk, everything? OK.

gus delivered for over an years, nat as ong as "black habies dance" on the sidewalk, everything's OK. Perhaps this perspective on Mitchell is non arrow; perhaps the thing to emphasize is her homage itself, the ironic (and often-repeated) fact that in American culture, it takes the celebratory act of a white musician to bring the achievements of a far superior black musician to the fore. Mingus was preschy, didactic, conscious of his power to persuade (check out "Galbes of Faubas" of "Mingus At Um," Columbia), but his art was never self-righteous. Mitchell, by contrat, has no real anger; instead she offers a highly refined, fashionable sense of ennui linked is ultimately sanctimonious. That's a world away from Mingus, whose work was sanctified "Mingus" confuses the two.